

20th Oct. 2020 @ KEK theory seminar

Manifestly Covariant Theory of Stochastic Inflation



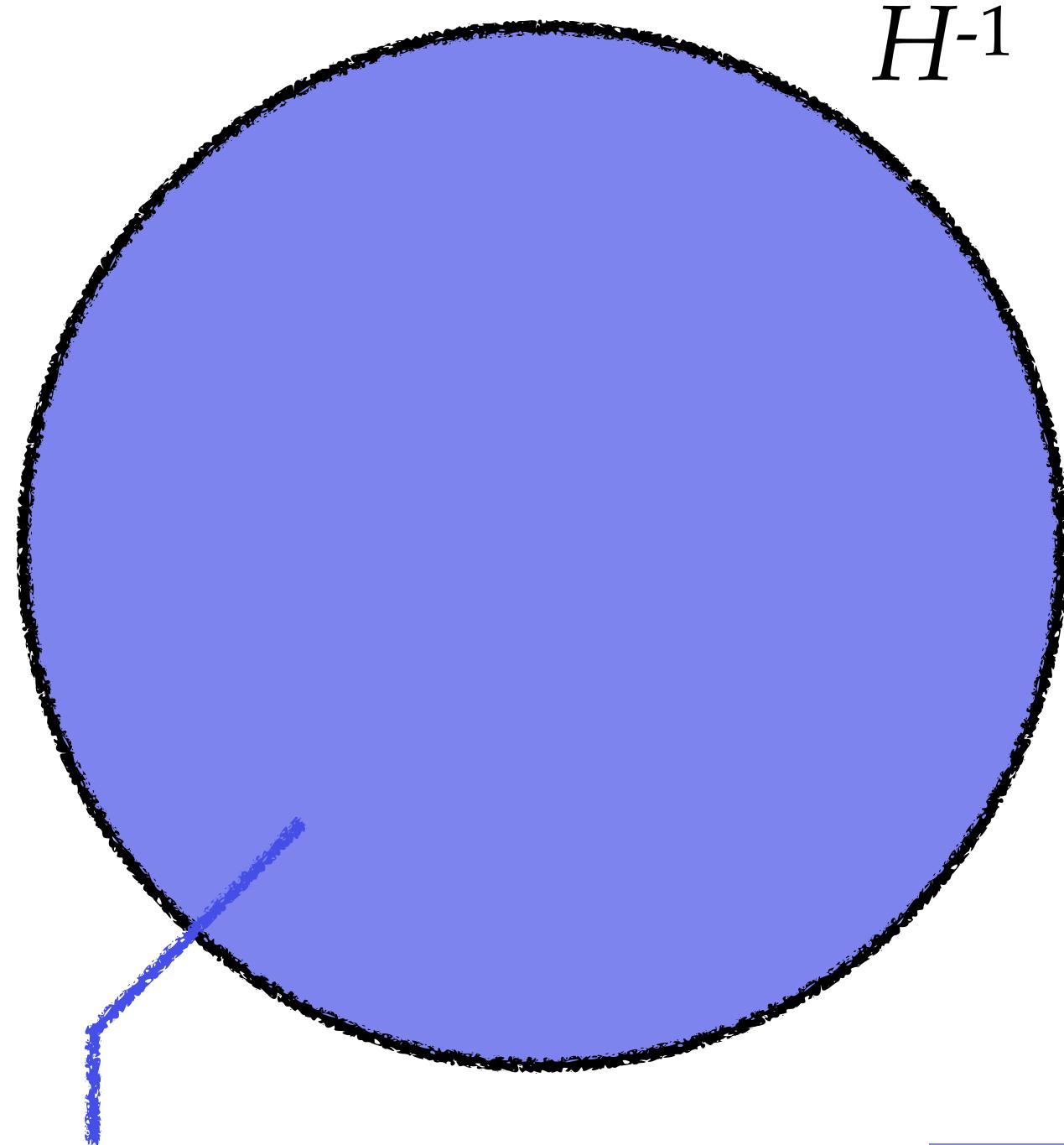
Yuichiro TADA Nagoya U.
w/ L. Pinol, S. Renaux-Petel 2008.07497
ref. Pinol, Renaux-Petel, Tada CQG **36** (2019) 07LT01
Renaux-Petel, Tada, Vennin in prep.

Contents

- ❖ Stochastic approach to inflation: *What? & How useful?*
- ❖ Ambiguity existed in formulation: *Stochastic Anomaly*
- ❖ Mathematically well-defined *covariant* formulation

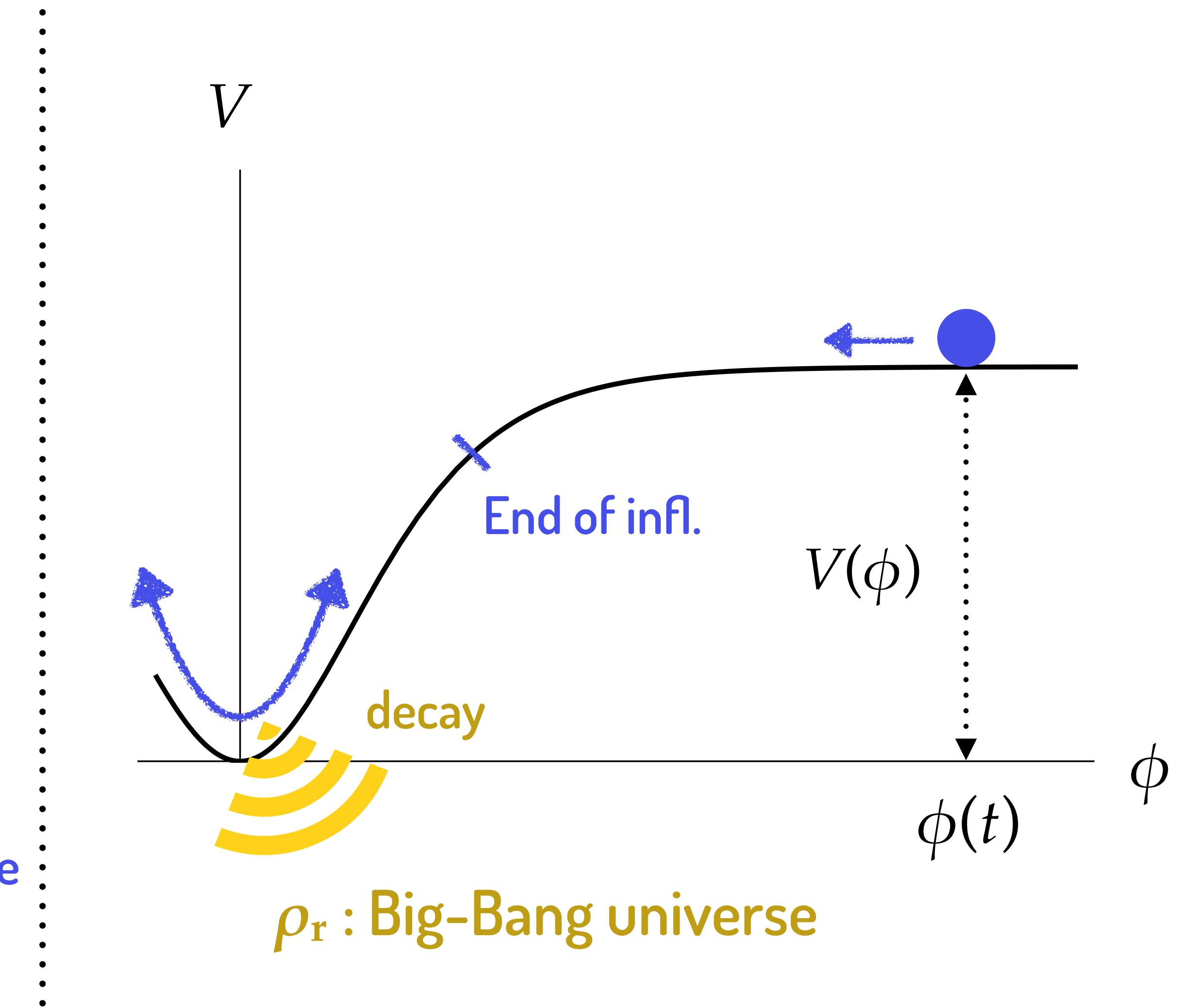
Inflation

pre-Big-Bang accelerated expansion



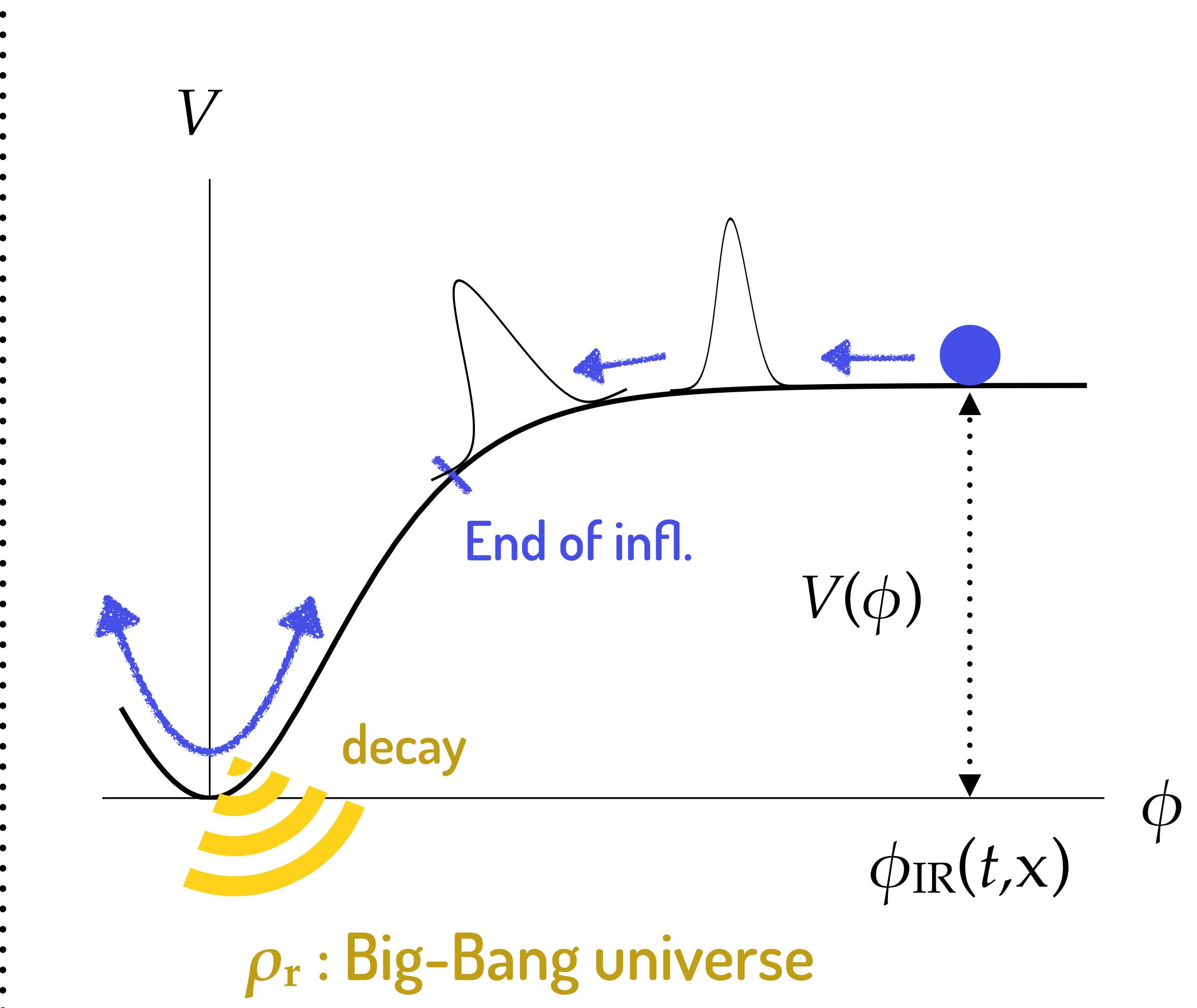
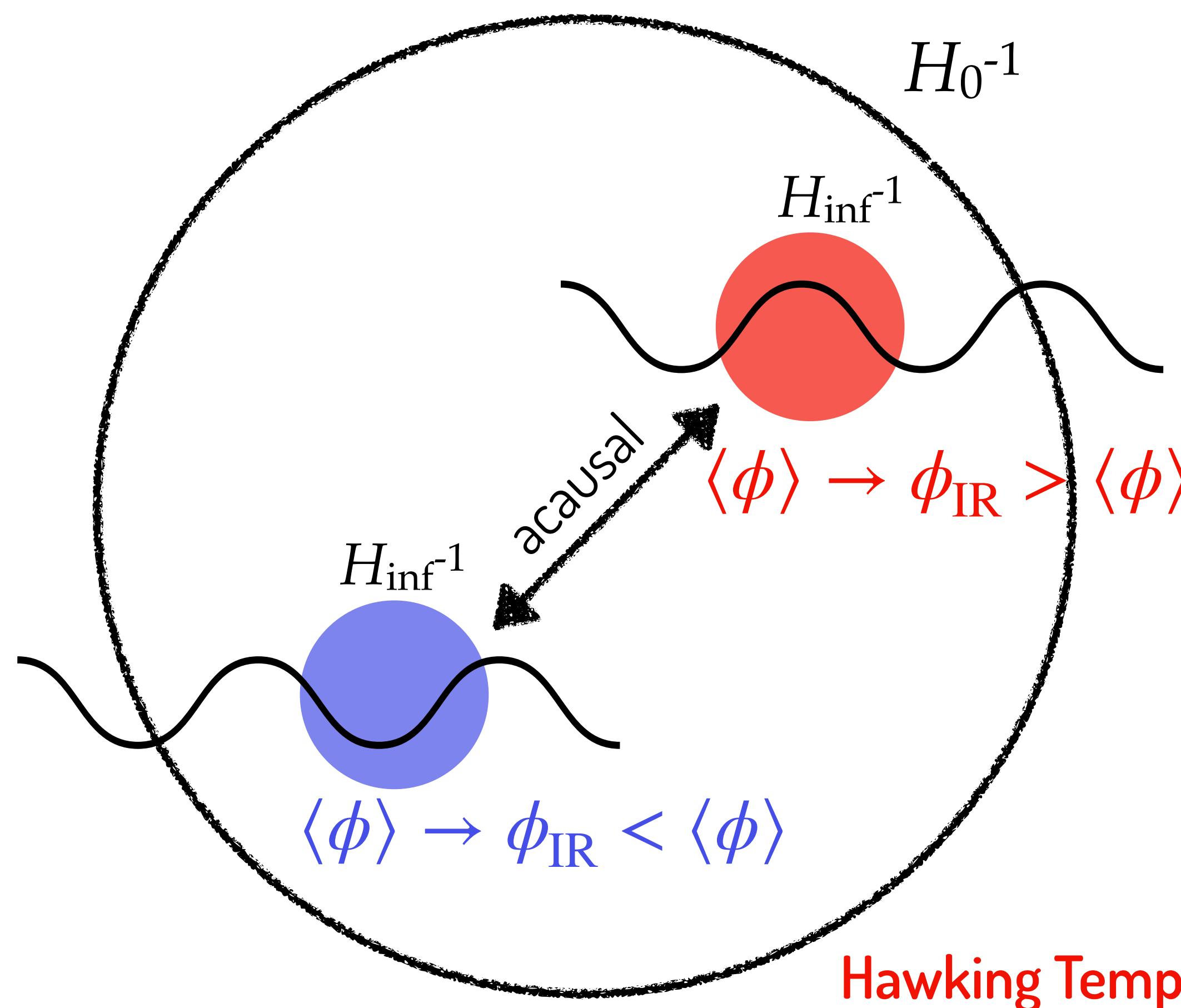
“Dark Energy”: $\rho_{\text{const}} = V(\phi_{\text{const}})$

Inflaton: scalar particle



Stochastic Form.

Starobinsky '86

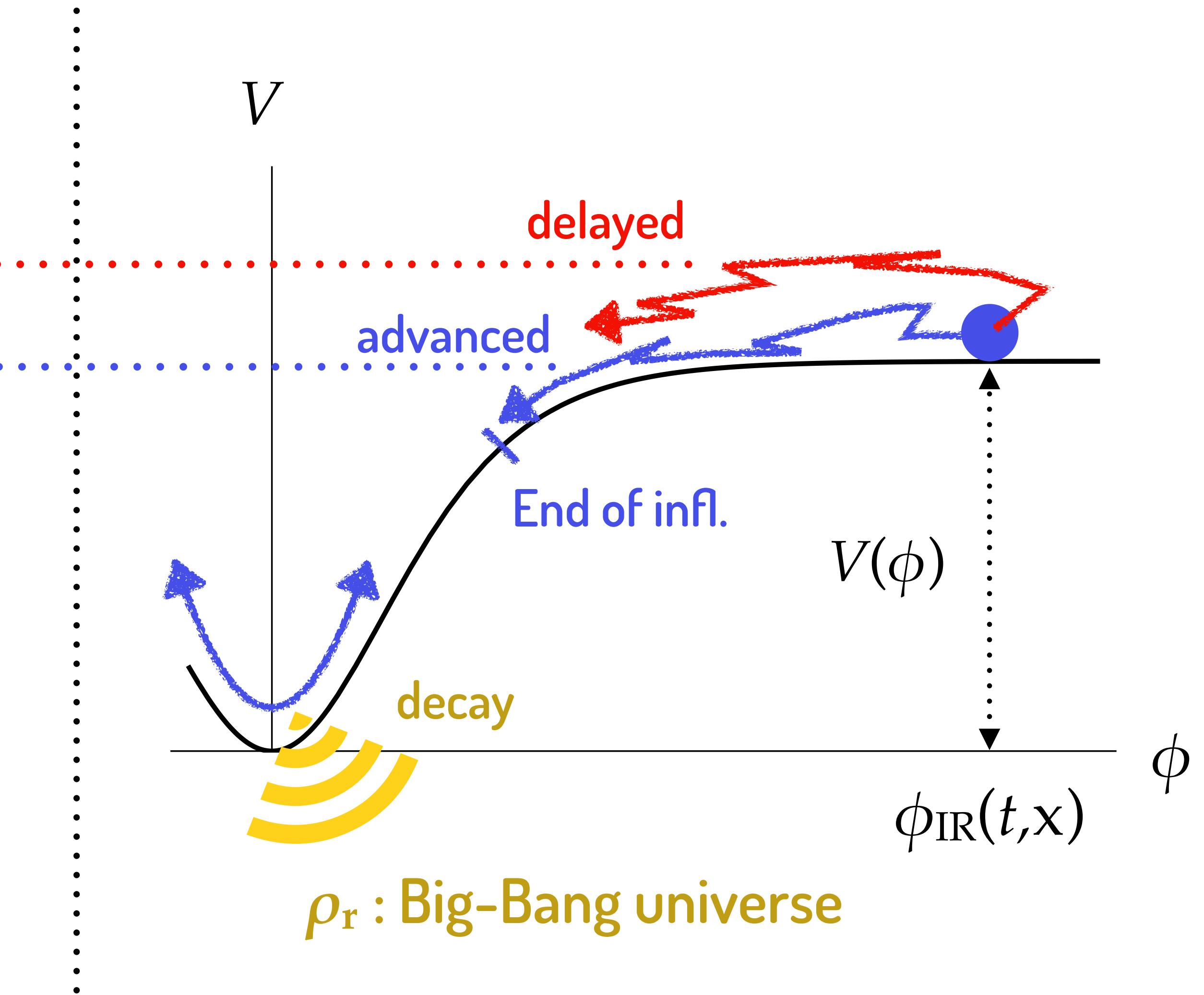
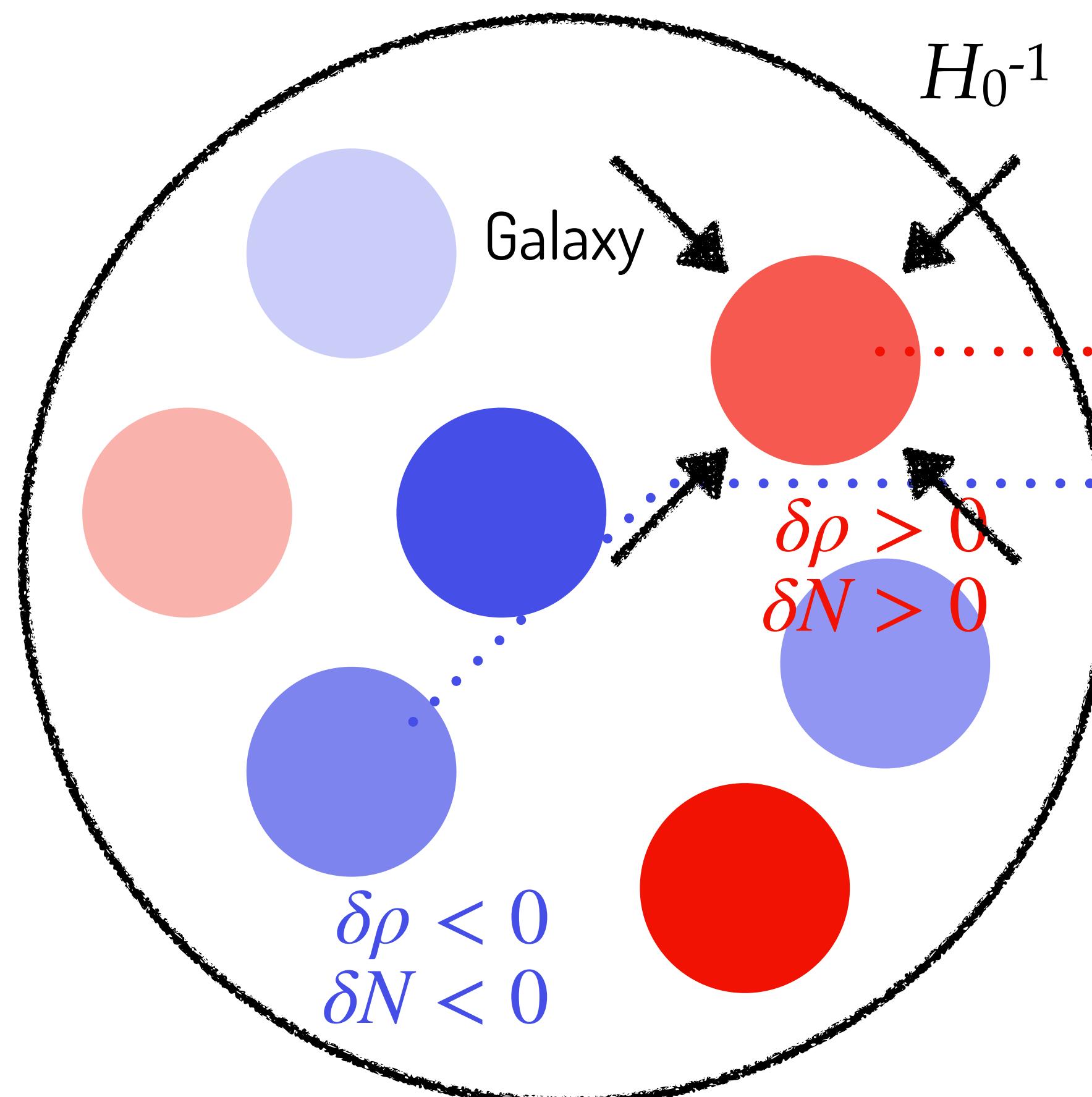


❖ Stochastic EoM: $\frac{d\phi_{\text{IR}}}{dN} = -\frac{V'}{3H^2} + \frac{H}{2\pi} \xi$

Gaussian Rand.

(conserved) δN Form.

Starobinsky '85



- ❖ Stochastic- δN formalism
Fujita, Kawasaki, YT, Takesato '13
Vennin & Starobinsky '15

PDE Approach

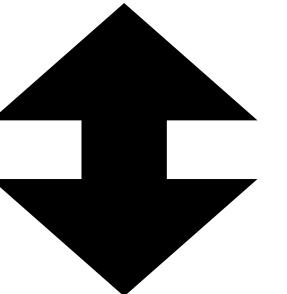
Vennin & Starobinsky '15

- ❖ Fokker-Planck eq. (diffusion)

$$\partial_N P(\phi^I; N) = - \partial_I [h^I P(\phi^I; N)] + \frac{1}{2} \partial_I \partial_J [A^{IJ} P(\phi^I; N)]$$

PDF of ϕ^I @ N

e.g. $h^I = -\frac{V^I}{3H^2}$, $A^{IJ} = \left(\frac{H}{2\pi}\right)^2 \delta^{IJ}$



- ❖ adjoint FP eq.

$$\partial_{\mathcal{N}} \bar{P}(\mathcal{N}; \phi^I) = h^I \partial_I \bar{P}(\mathcal{N}; \phi^I) + \frac{1}{2} A^{IJ} \partial_I \partial_J \bar{P}(\mathcal{N}; \phi^I)$$

PDF of 1st. passage time \mathcal{N} from ϕ^I



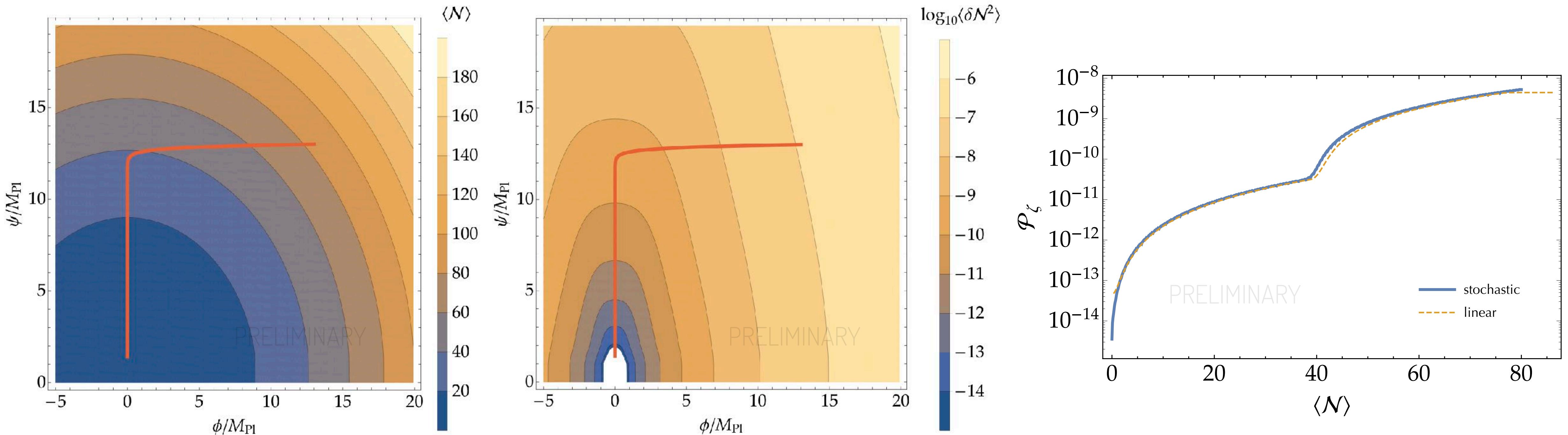
StocDeltaN.cpp

Renaux-Petel, YT, Vennin in prep.

❖ Double Mass-term

$$V = \frac{1}{2}M^2\phi^2 + \frac{1}{2}m^2\psi^2,$$

$$M = 9m = 10^{-5}M_{\text{Pl}}$$

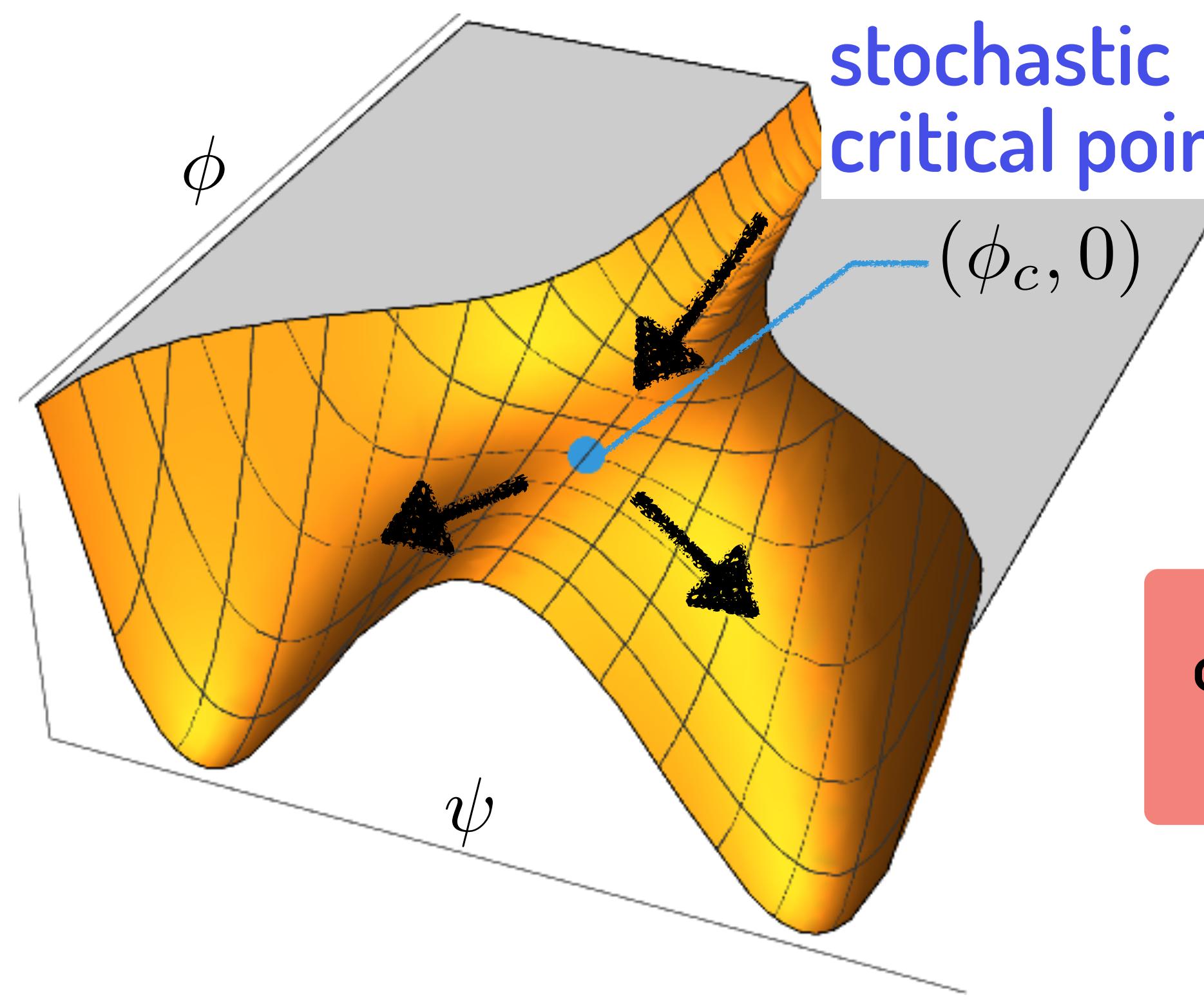


StocDeltaN.cpp

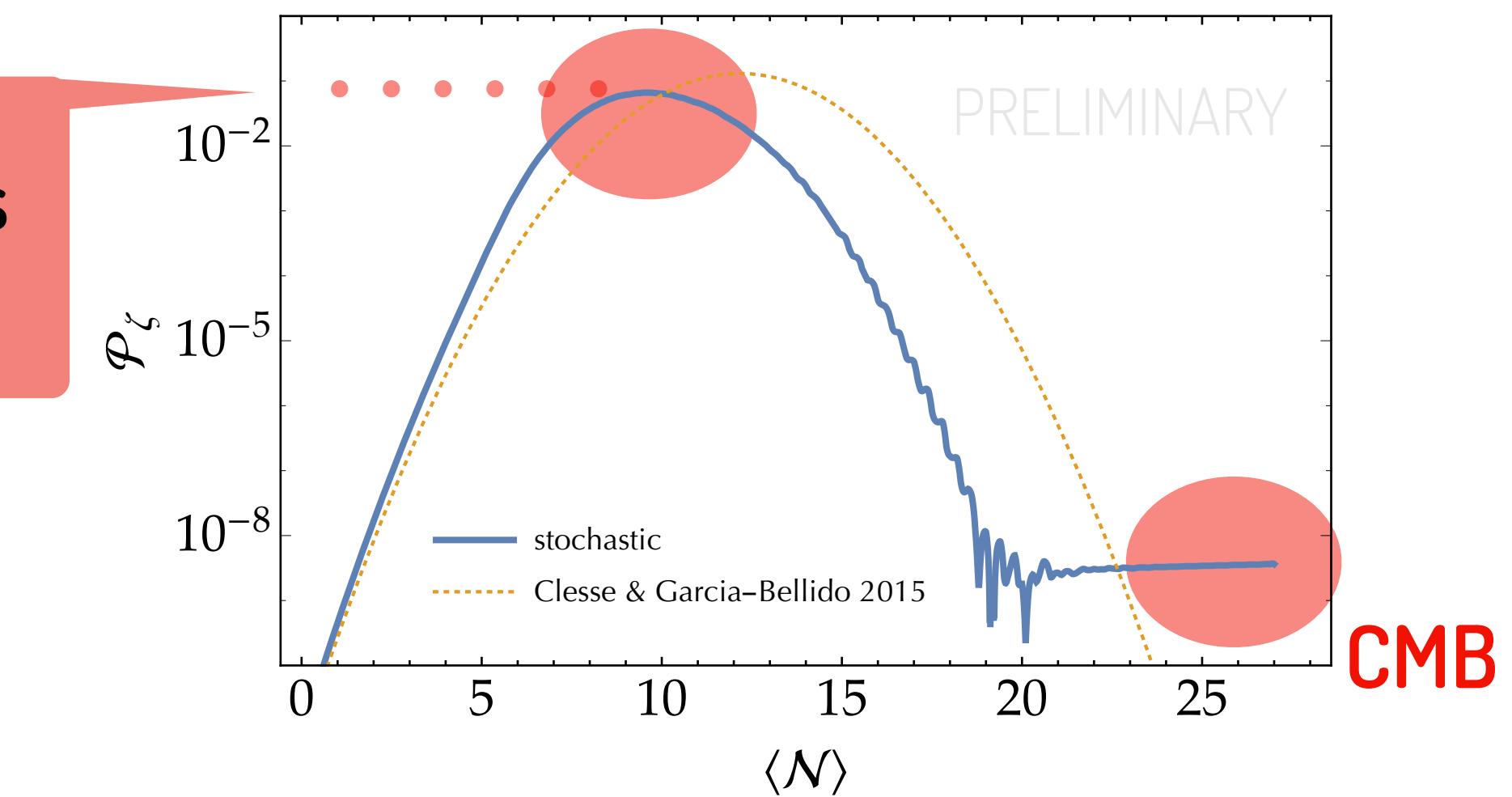
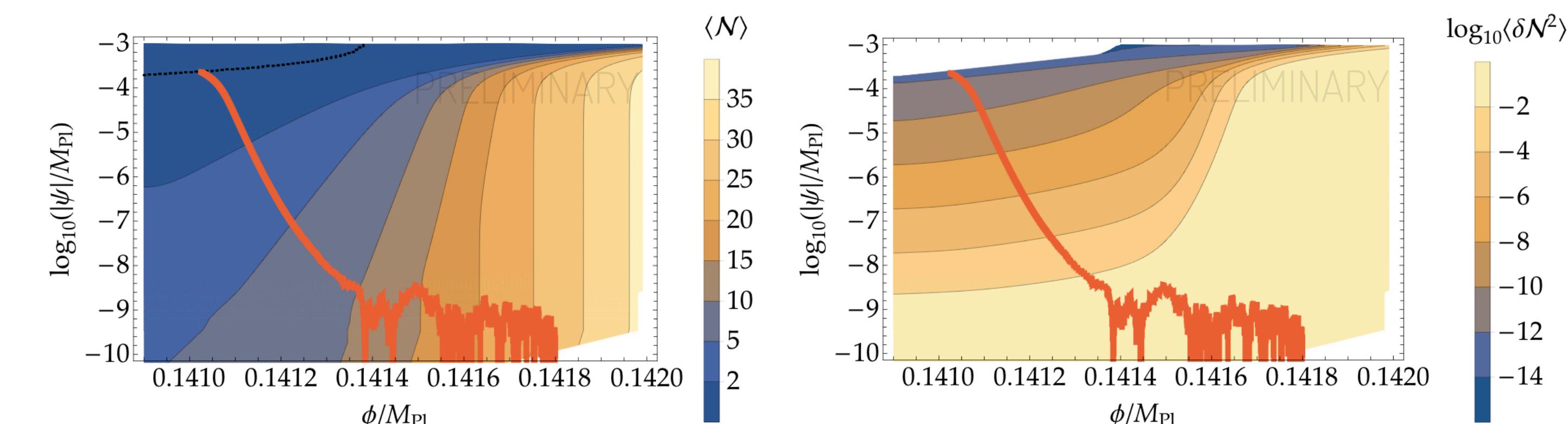
Renaux-Petel, YT, Vennin in prep.

- ❖ Hybrid Inflation

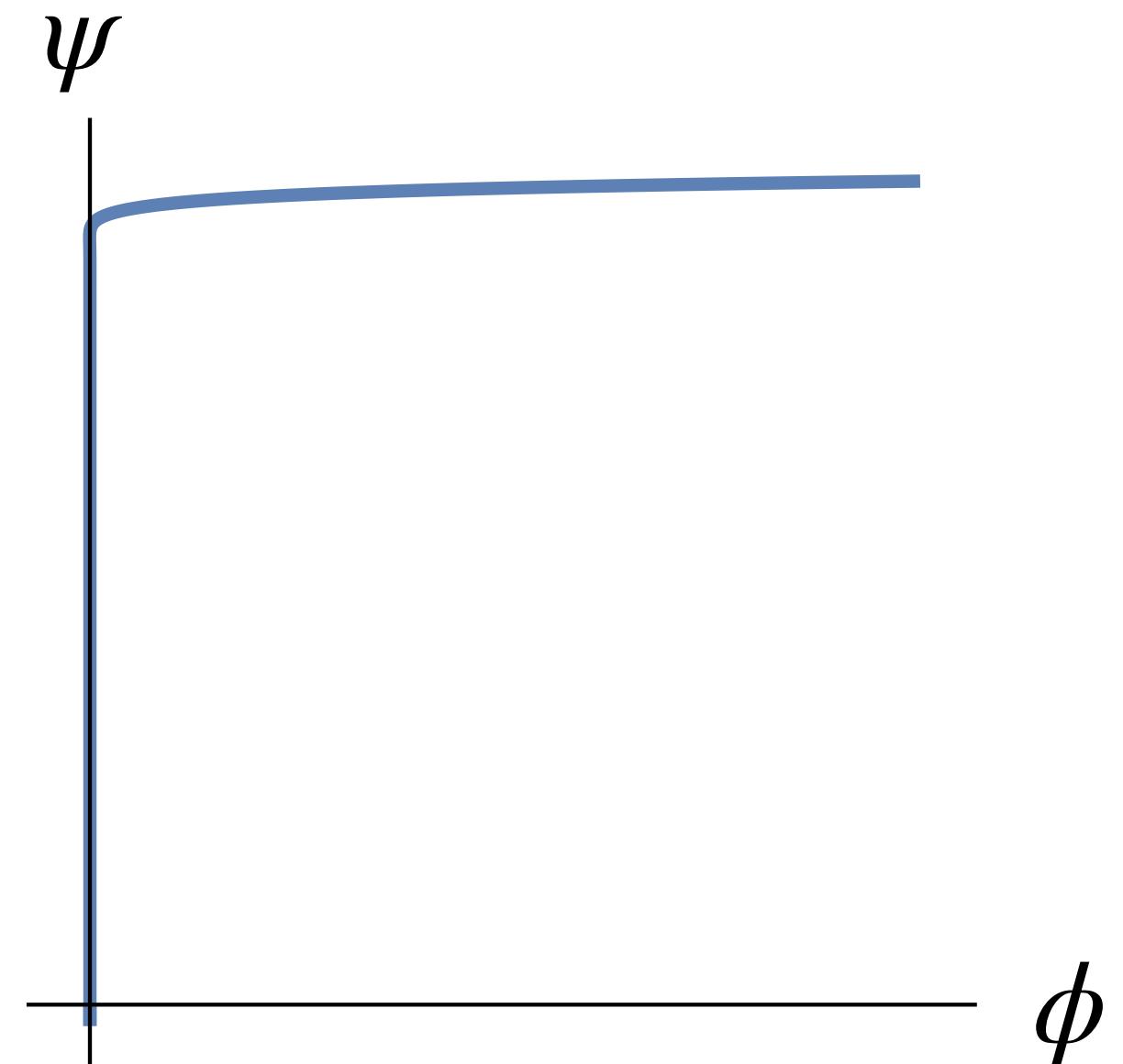
$$V = \Lambda^4 \left[\left(1 - \frac{\psi^2}{M^2} \right)^2 + 2 \frac{\phi^2 \psi^2}{\phi_c^2 M^2} + \frac{\phi - \phi_c}{\mu_1} - \frac{(\phi - \phi_c)^2}{\mu_2^2} \right]$$



overproduce PBHs
(Kawasaki, YT 2015)

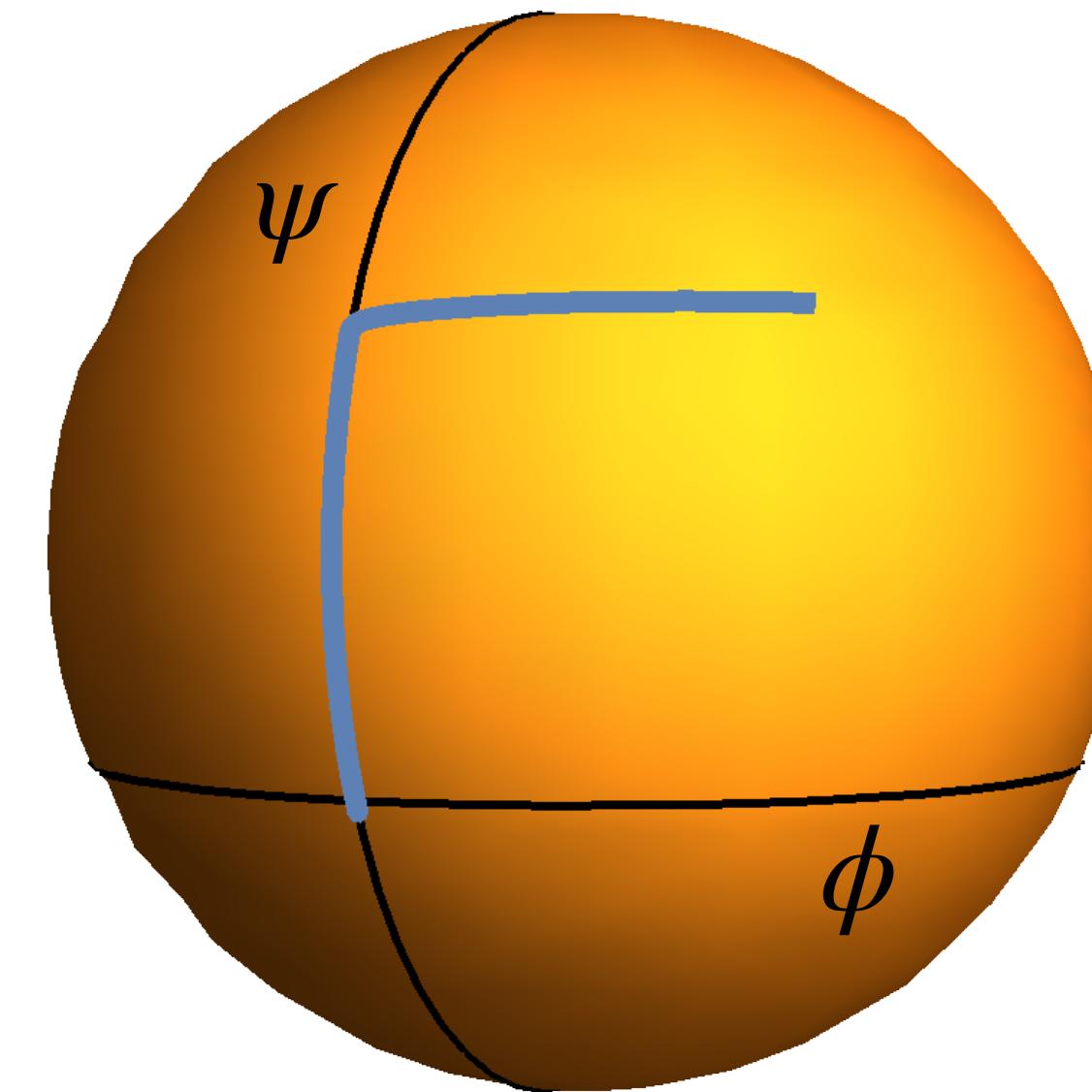


❖ Flat Fields



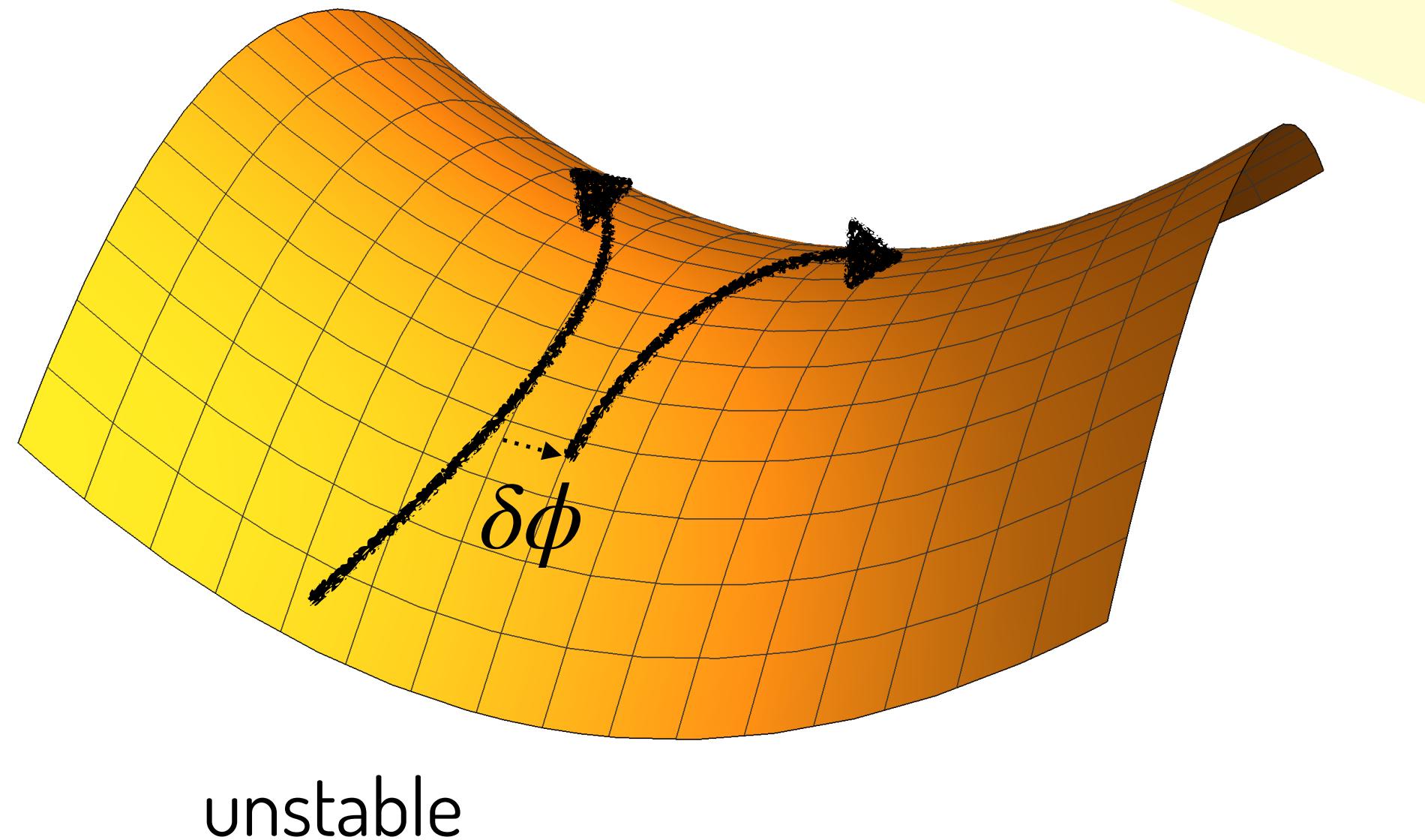
$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L}_{\text{kin}} &= -\frac{1}{2}(\partial\phi)^2 - \frac{1}{2}(\partial\psi)^2 \\ &= -\frac{1}{2}\delta_{IJ}\partial_\mu\phi^I\partial^\mu\phi^J\end{aligned}$$

❖ Curved Fields



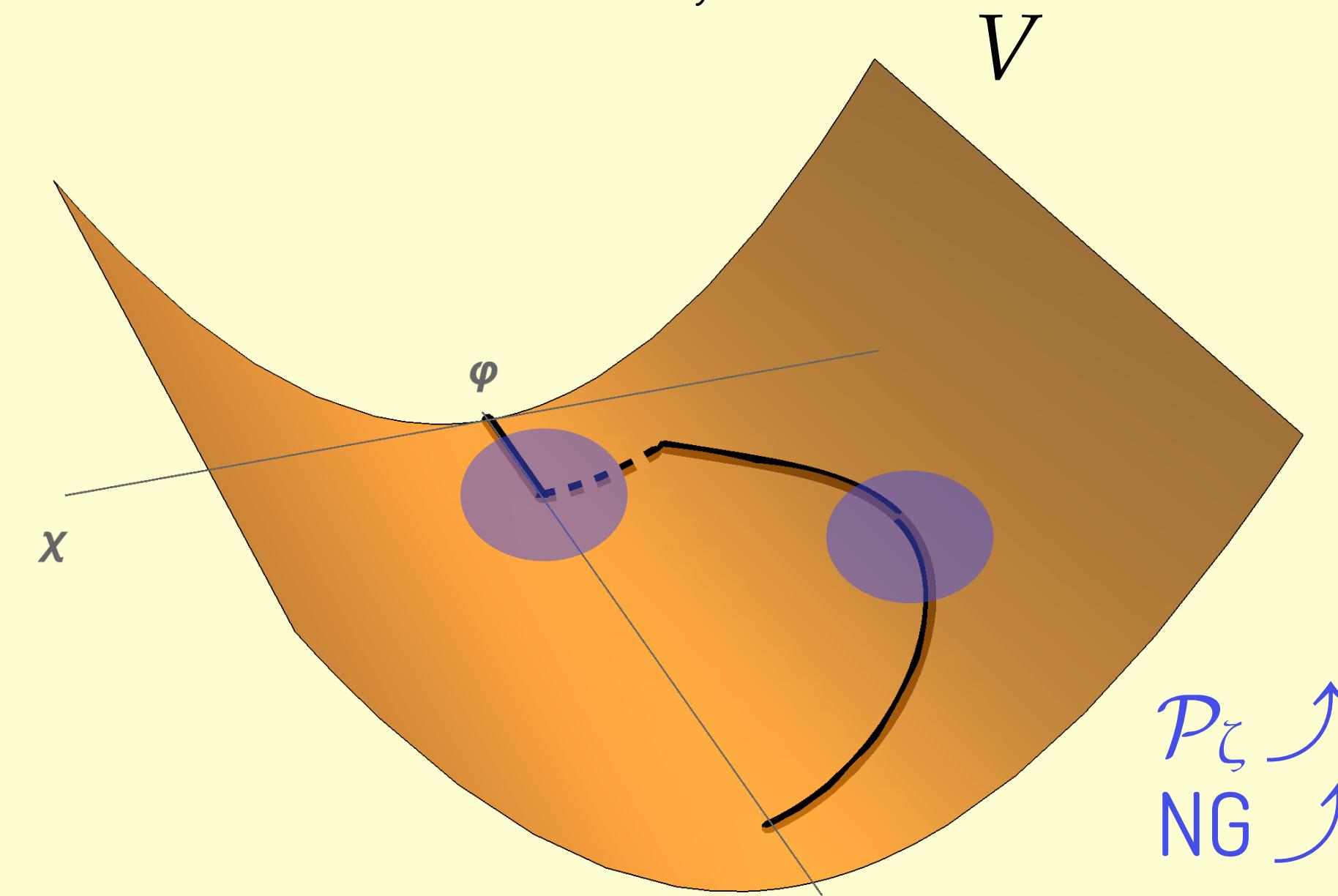
$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{kin}} = -\frac{1}{2}G_{IJ}(\phi)\partial_\mu\phi^I\partial^\mu\phi^J$$

- ❖ Hyperbolic $R < 0$



Sidetracked Inflation

Gracia-Saenz, Renaux-Petel, Ronayne '18



Generalization?

Pinol, Renaux-Petel, YT '18

❖ General Multi-scalar $\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{2}g^{\mu\nu}G_{IJ}(\phi)\partial_\mu\phi^I\partial_\nu\phi^J - V(\phi)$

Inflaton-space metric

Stochastic EoM ??

$$\frac{d\phi^I}{dN} \stackrel{?}{=} -\frac{G^{IJ}\partial_J V}{3H^2} + \xi^I, \quad \text{with } \langle \xi^I(N) \xi^J(N') \rangle = \left(\frac{H}{2\pi}\right)^2 G^{IJ} \delta(N - N')$$

Generalization?

Pinol, Renaux-Petel, YT '18

❖ General Multi-scalar $\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{2}g^{\mu\nu}G_{IJ}(\phi)\partial_\mu\phi^I\partial_\nu\phi^J - V(\phi)$

Inflaton-space metric

Stochastic EoM ??

$$\frac{d\phi^I}{dN} \stackrel{?}{=} -\cancel{G^{IJ}\partial_J V} + \xi^I, \quad \text{with } \langle \xi^I(N)\xi^J(N') \rangle = \left(\frac{H}{2\pi}\right)^2 G^{IJ}\delta(N-N')$$

- Covariance under $\phi^I \rightarrow \bar{\phi}^{\bar{I}} = \bar{\phi}^{\bar{I}}(\phi)$

$$\frac{d\phi^I}{dN} = -\frac{G^{IJ}\partial_J V}{3H^2} + \xi^I \quad \rightarrow \quad \frac{d\bar{\phi}^{\bar{I}}}{dN} \neq -\frac{G^{\bar{I}\bar{J}}\partial_{\bar{J}} V}{3H^2} + \bar{\xi}^{\bar{I}}$$

and/or

- Spurious Frame Dependence

$$\frac{d\phi^I}{dN} = -\frac{G^{IJ}\partial_J V}{3H^2} + \xi^I \neq -\frac{G^{IJ}\partial_J V}{3H^2} + R^I_{\tilde{A}}\tilde{\xi}^{\tilde{A}}$$

Rotation/Diagonalization



Manifestly Covariant Stochastic Inflation

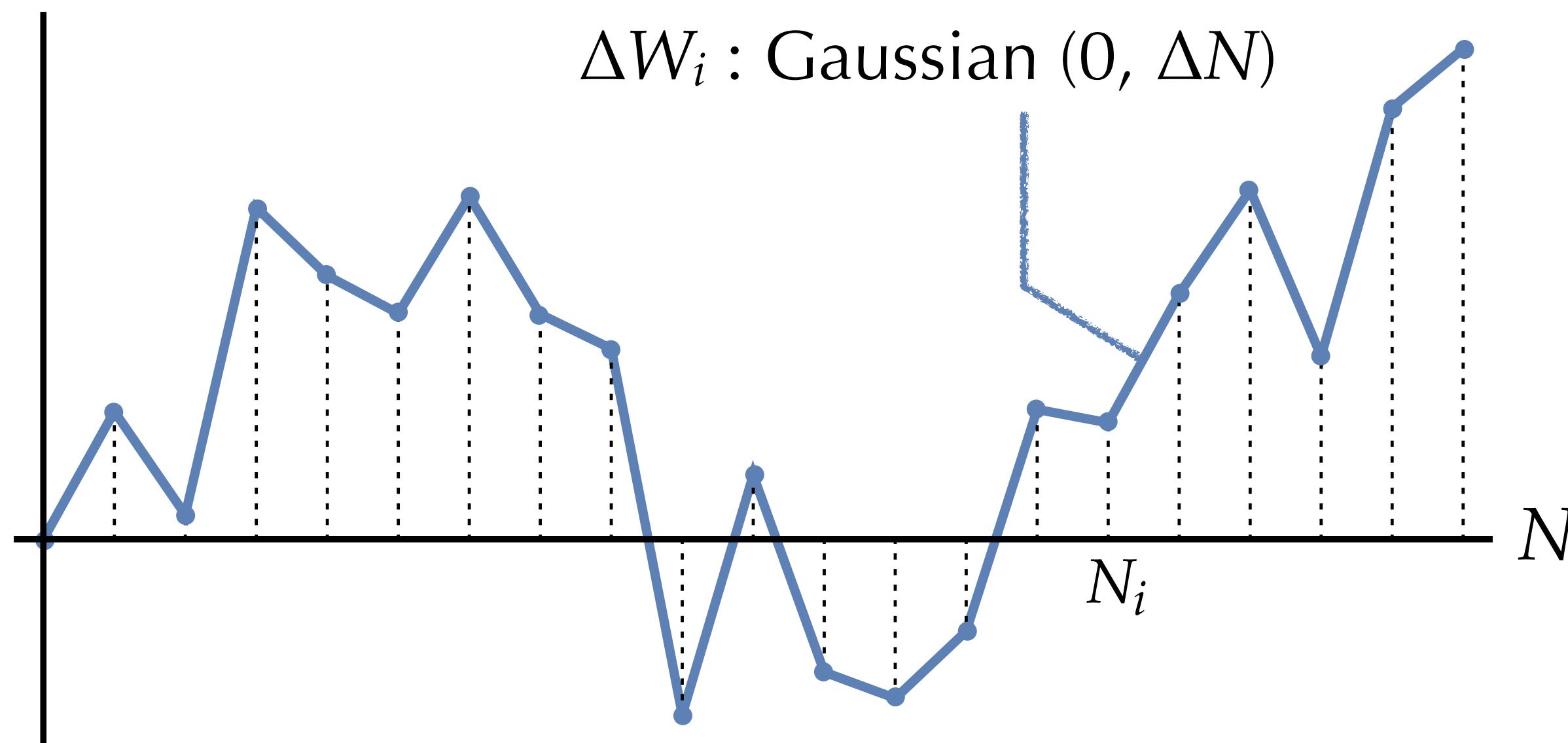
Stoc. Calculus

- ❖ Stochastic Differential eq.

$$\frac{dX(N)}{dN} = A(X(N)) \xi(N),$$

$$\langle \xi(N) \xi(N') \rangle = \delta(N - N')$$

Brownian $W(N)$



$$\Delta X_i = A(X_{i+\alpha}) \Delta W_i$$

$$X_{i+\alpha} = (1 - \alpha)X_i + \alpha X_{i+1}$$
$$0 \leq \alpha < 1$$

Itô: $X_{i+0} = X_i$

Stratonovich: $X_{i+1/2} = (X_i + X_{i+1})/2$

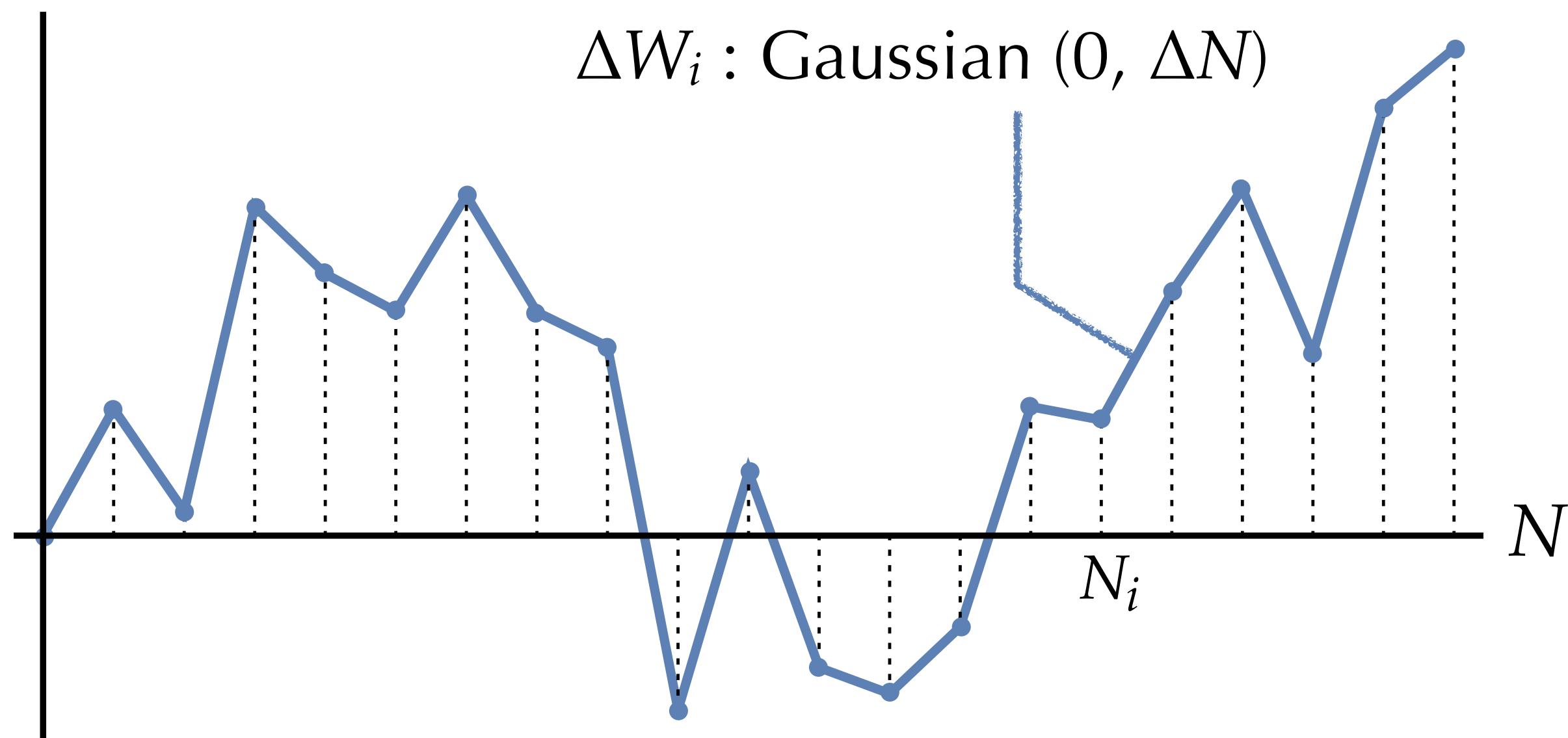
Stoc. Calculus

- ❖ Stochastic Differential eq.

$$\frac{dX(N)}{dN} = A(X(N)) \xi(N),$$

X's property (PDF) depends on
the choice of α !

Brownian $W(N)$



$$\Delta X_i = A(X_{i+\alpha}) \Delta W_i$$

$$X_{i+\alpha} = (1 - \alpha)X_i + \alpha X_{i+1}$$
$$0 \leq \alpha < 1$$

Itô: $X_{i+0} = X_i$

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Exercise

$$dZ = W dW$$

❖ Itô's scheme

$$\Delta Z_i = W_i \Delta W_i \quad \rightarrow \quad \langle \Delta Z_i \rangle = \langle W_i \Delta W_i \rangle = 0$$

$$Z = \int dZ = \int W dW = \frac{1}{2} W^2 - \frac{1}{2} N \quad \langle Z \rangle = 0 \text{ & } \langle W^2 \rangle = N$$

- Itô's lemma: $df(N, X) = f_N dN + f_X dX + \frac{1}{2} f_{XX} dX dX = A^2 dN$

$$d(W^2) = 2W dW + \frac{1}{2} \times 2 dW dW = 2W dW + dN$$

$$\rightarrow dZ = \frac{1}{2} d(W^2) - \frac{1}{2} dN$$

No Correlation btw.
current position & noise

Exercise

$$d\bar{Z} = W \circ dW$$

❖ Stratonovich's scheme

$$\Delta \bar{Z}_i = W_{i+1/2} \Delta W_i = \left(W_i + \frac{1}{2} \Delta W_i \right) \Delta W_i \quad \rightarrow \quad \langle \Delta \bar{Z}_i \rangle = \frac{1}{2} \langle (\Delta W_i)^2 \rangle = \frac{1}{2} \Delta N$$

$$\bar{Z} = \int d\bar{Z} = \int W \circ dW = \frac{1}{2} W^2 \quad \langle \bar{Z} \rangle = \frac{1}{2} \langle W^2 \rangle = \frac{1}{2} N$$

Std. Calculus !!

- Strato \Leftrightarrow Itô

$$\Delta Y_i = h(N_{i+1/2}, Y_{i+1/2}) \Delta N + g(N_{i+1/2}, Y_{i+1/2}) \Delta W$$

$$= h(N_i, Y_i) \Delta N + g(N_i, Y_i) \Delta W + \frac{1}{2} g_Y g \Delta N$$

Noise-induced Drift

Stoc. Anomaly

Pinol, Renaux-Petel, YT '18

$$d\phi^I \stackrel{?}{=} -\frac{V^I}{3H^2} dN + \frac{H}{2\pi} e_a^I \circ ? dW^a \quad \begin{cases} e_a^I e_a^J = G^{IJ}, \\ dW^a dW^b = \delta^{ab} dN \end{cases}$$

- ❖ Covariance: $\phi^I \rightarrow \bar{\phi}^{\bar{I}} = \bar{\phi}^{\bar{I}}(\phi)$

X Itô's lemma

$$d\bar{\phi}^{\bar{I}} = \frac{\partial \bar{\phi}^{\bar{I}}}{\partial \phi^J} d\phi^J + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 \bar{\phi}^{\bar{I}}}{\partial \phi^J \partial \phi^K} d\phi^J d\phi^K$$

Break Covariance

✓ Stratonovich

- ❖ Spurious Frame Dependence

$$d\phi^I = -\frac{V^I}{3H^2} dN + \frac{H}{2\pi} e_a^I \circ dW^a$$

$$= -\frac{V^I}{3H^2} dN + \frac{H}{2\pi} e_a^I dW^a + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{H}{2\pi} e_{a,J}^I e_a^J dN$$

- ❖ Stoc. vs. QFT Tokuda & Tanaka '17 & '18

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{2} (\partial\phi)^2 - \frac{1}{4} \lambda \phi^4$$

✓ $\mathcal{O}(\lambda^1)$: $\langle \phi^2 \rangle_{\text{Itô}} = \langle \phi^2 \rangle_{\text{QFT}}$

X Spurious frame dependence in Strato
 $e_a^I \rightarrow \bar{e}_{\bar{a}}^I = R_{\bar{a}}{}^b(\phi) e_b^I$



non-Markovian origin of noise

$$\delta\hat{\phi}_{\mathbf{k}}^I = e_A^I Q_a^A \hat{a}_{\mathbf{k}}^a + e_A^I Q_a^{A*} \hat{a}_{-\mathbf{k}}^{a\dagger}$$

$$\xrightarrow[k \ll aH]{} e_A^I Q_a^A (\hat{a}_{\mathbf{k}}^a + \hat{a}_{-\mathbf{k}}^{a\dagger}) \quad (\text{Im}Q_a^A \rightarrow 0 \text{ up to const. phase})$$

CURRENT trs. (local frame \rightarrow global coord.) : Strato

Quantum origin of noise $\rightarrow dW^a$

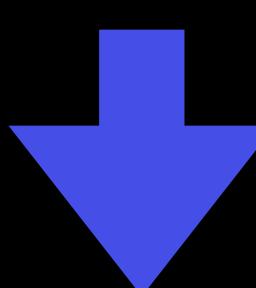
- Local frame mode function
- HISTORY of subhorizon dynamics : Itô

Preferred Frame

Pinol, Renaux-Petel, YT '20

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} d\phi^I = -\frac{V^I}{3H^2}dN + e_A^I Q_a^A \circ dW^a \\ \quad + \\ \mathcal{D}e_A^I = de_A^I + \Gamma_{JK}^I e_A^J \circ d\phi^K = 0 \quad (\text{or } = \Omega_A^B e_B^I dN) \end{array} \right.$$

Q_a^A is “Itô”-like



e_A^I is in itself a “Stoc. Variable” along the trajectory

$$d\phi^I = -\frac{V^I}{3H^2}dN + e_A^I Q_a^A dW^a + \frac{1}{2} Q_a^A de_A^I dW^a = -\frac{1}{2} \Gamma_{JK}^I A^{JK} dN$$

$$A^{IJ} = e_A^I Q_a^A e_B^J Q_a^B \sim \left(\frac{H}{2\pi}\right)^2 G^{IJ}$$

$$\mathfrak{D}_N \phi^I := \frac{d\phi^I}{dN} + \frac{1}{2} \Gamma_{JK}^I A^{JK} = -\frac{V^I}{3H^2} + \xi^I$$

Itô Covariant Derivative

Graham '85

No e_A^I -dependence

Cov. Stoc. EoM

Pinol, Renaux-Petel, YT '20

take-home message

Manifestly Covariant Stochastic EoM

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mathfrak{D}_N \phi^I = \frac{\pi^I}{H} + \xi^{QI} \\ \mathfrak{D}_N \pi_I = -3\pi_I - \frac{V_I}{H} + \xi^{PI} \end{array} \right.$$

w/ Itô Cov. Derivatives $\mathfrak{D}\bar{\phi}^{\bar{I}} = \frac{\partial \bar{\phi}^{\bar{I}}}{\partial \phi^J} \mathfrak{D}\phi^J, \quad \frac{\partial \bar{\phi}^{\bar{I}}}{\partial \phi^J} \mathfrak{D}\bar{\pi}_{\bar{I}} = \mathfrak{D}\pi_J$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mathfrak{D}\phi^I := d\phi^I + \frac{1}{2} \Gamma_{JK}^I A^{QQJK} dN \\ \mathfrak{D}\pi_I := \mathcal{D}\pi_I - \frac{1}{2} (\Gamma_{IJ,K}^S + \Gamma_{IJ}^M \Gamma_{KM}^S) \pi_S A^{QQJK} dN - \Gamma_{IJ}^K A^{QPJ}{}_K dN \end{array} \right.$$

Conclusions

- ❖ Stochastic form. is powerfull
- ❖ Stochastic Anomaly: Itô or Strato?
 - Covariance or Spurious frame dependence
- ❖ Manifestly covariant SDE in Itô

Covariant FP

Appendix

covariant Itô SDE

\Leftrightarrow covariant FP eq.

$$D_{\phi^I} X^J = \nabla_I X^J + \Gamma^K_{IL} \pi_K \partial_{\pi_L} X^J : \text{(phase-space) cov. der.}$$

phase-space PDF : scalar

∂_{π_I} : (phase-space) covariant

$$\begin{aligned} \partial_N P(\phi, \pi) = & - D_{\phi^I} \left[\frac{G^{IJ}}{H} \pi_J P \right] + \partial_{\pi_I} \left[\left(3\pi_I + \frac{V_I}{H} \right) P \right] \\ & + \frac{1}{2} D_{\phi^I} D_{\phi^J} (A^{\phi\phi^{IJ}} P) + D_{\phi^I} \partial_{\pi_J} (A^{\phi\pi^I}_J P) + \frac{1}{2} \partial_{\pi_I} \partial_{\pi_J} (A^{\pi\pi}_{IJ} P) \end{aligned}$$